Sullivan, Powers & Co., P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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January 14, 2016

School Board Colchester School District Laker Lane, P.O. Box 27 Colchester, Vermont 05446-0027

We have audited the financial statements of the Colchester School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 and have issued our report thereon dated January 14, 2016. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in "Government Auditing Standards", issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Colchester School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Colchester School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Colchester School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Colchester School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the second paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and, therefore, there can be no assurance that all such deficiencies have been identified. In addition, because of inherent limitations in internal control, including the possibility of management override of controls, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected by such controls. We did not identify any deficiencies in the internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Colchester School District

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, the School Board and others within the Colchester School District and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to take this opportunity to thank the staff of the Colchester School District for their assistance and cooperativeness throughout our audit. It has been a pleasure working with you.

Respectfully submitted,

Sullivan, Powers & Company

SULLIVAN, POWERS & CO[']. Certified Public Accountant

COLCHESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT AND REPORTS ON COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL

JUNE 30, 2015

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Independent Auditor's Report

School Board Colchester School District Laker Lane, P.O. Box 27 Colchester, Vermont 05446-0027

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Colchester School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Colchester School District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in "Government Auditing Standards", issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Colchester School District

An audit includes performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Colchester School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Colchester School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Colchester School District as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note I.F. to the financial statements, effective June 30, 2015, the School District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, "Financial Reporting for Pension Plans" – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. As a result of this required change in accounting principle, the School District recorded a \$384,586 reduction in beginning net position of the Governmental Activities and a \$26,912 reduction in beginning net position of the Business-type Activities and the Food Service Fund. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 12 and the budgetary comparison information for the General Fund in Schedule 1, the Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability on Schedules 2 and 4 and the Schedule of Contributions on Schedule 3 to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Colchester School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying financial information listed as Schedules 5 and 6 in the Table of Contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. These schedules have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Colchester School District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations" and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by "Government Auditing Standards"

In accordance with "Government Auditing Standards", we have also issued our report dated January 14, 2016 on our consideration of the Colchester School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with "Government Auditing Standards" in considering the Colchester School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

January 14, 2016 Montpelier, Vermont VT Lic. #92-000180

Sullivan, Powers & Company

COLCHESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

The discussion and analysis of Colchester School District's (herein the "School District") financial performance provides an overall narrative review of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2015. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole. Information contained in this section is qualified by the more detailed information contained elsewhere in the School District's financial statements, related notes to financial statements, and any accompanying materials. To the extent this discussion contains any forward-looking statements of the School District's plans, objectives, expectations and prospects, the actual results could differ materially from those discussed herein.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The School District's financial status has remained stable during Fiscal Year ("FY") 2015.
- Total net position increased \$735,089 which represents a 6.1% increase from FY 2014.
- The School District spent \$37,870,942 (including general fund, grants, and enterprise funds) compared to overall revenue of \$38,606,031.
- Revenues exceeded expenditures in the General Fund by \$1,184,256 or about 3.26%.
- When comparing the budgeted revenue of \$34,232,860 and budgeted expenditures of \$34,282,860 approved by the voters on June 3, 2014, the School District received \$34,514,061 (100.82%) and spent \$33,360,490 (97.30%). Revenues exceeded expenses by \$1,153,571.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$1,172,382 during the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2015.
- Through "normal" debt retirement, the School District reduced its outstanding long-term debt by \$245,265. There are two (2) obligations owed by the School District;
 - Municipal Bond Bank for major repairs to all buildings and expansion to Malletts Bay School, incurred in 1997 in the amount of \$3,150,000
 - Annual payment of \$160,000 until December 2007 then payments decrease to annual payments of \$155,000 starting December 2008 plus interest
 - Balance at the end of FY 2015: \$310,000
 - Municipal Bond Bank for renovation to Colchester High School science lab, incurred in FY 2014 in the amount of \$5,000,000
 - Interest only payments until May 2017 then annual principal payments of \$294,118 starting November 2017 plus interest
 - Balance at the end of FY 2015: \$5,000,000

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

1) Government-wide financial statements,

- 2) Fund financial statements, and
- 3) Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

1) Government-wide financial statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and include all assets and liabilities.

The statement of net position presents information on all the School District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the School District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal years.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to include not only the School District itself (known as the primary government), but also any legally separate entities for which the School District is financially accountable (known as component units). The School District has no component units.

The government-wide financial statements can be found in Exhibits A and B of this report.

2) Fund financial statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds.

a) Governmental funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School District's current financing requirements. Governmental funds are reported using modified accrual accounting. This method of accounting measures cash and other assets that can be easily converted to cash. The Governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's operations.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the governmentwide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the School District's current financing decisions.

Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations are found in Exhibits C and E.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found in Exhibits C through E of this report.

b) Proprietary funds: Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The School District uses an enterprise fund to account for its Food Service activity. This fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found in Exhibits F through H of the financial statements.

c) Fiduciary funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of these funds are not available to support the School District's own programs. The accrual basis of accounting is used for fiduciary funds. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose. The School District's fiduciary activities are presented in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position in Exhibits I and J.

3) Notes to the financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements in this report.

Other information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain other supplementary information.

The School District adopts an annual operating budget for the General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund. This information can be found in Schedule 1 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position: Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the government's financial position. In the case of the School District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$12,695,380 as of June 30, 2015.

By far, the largest portion of the School District's net position (76.20%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, furniture and equipment, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding). The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The School District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

The following table presents a summary of the School District's net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

	Government	al Activities	 Business-Typ	ctivities	Total				
	2015	2014	 2015	2014		2015		2014	
		(As Restated)		(.	As Restated)			(As Restated)	
Current and Other Assets \$	5,436,243	\$ 7,199,593	\$ (46,494)	\$	(32,507) \$	5,389,749	\$	7,167,086	
Capital Assets	13,926,743	12,747,197	 182,112	_	189,276	14,108,855		12,936,473	
Total Assets	19,362,986	19,946,790	 135,618	_	156,769	19,498,604		20,103,559	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	213,208	211,965	 14,919	_	14,833	228,127		226,798	
Current Liabilities	997,144	2,107,889	30,071		35,605	1,027,215		2,143,494	
Noncurrent Liabilities	5,498,834	6,184,827	 10,494	_	41,745	5,509,328		6,226,572	
Total Liabilities	6,495,978	8,292,716	 40,565	-	77,350	6,536,543	•	8,370,066	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	462,448	0	 32,360	-	0	494,808		0	
Net Position									
Invested in Capital Assets,									
Net of Related Debt	9,492,070	9,904,928	182,112		189,276	9,674,182		10,094,204	
Restricted	58,225	50,531	0		0	58,225		50,531	
Unrestricted/(Deficit)	3,067,473	1,910,580	 (104,500)	_	(95,024)	2,962,973		1,815,556	
Total Net Position \$	12,617,768	\$ 11,866,039	\$ 77,612	\$	94,252 \$	12,695,380	\$	11,960,291	

Summarized Statement of Net Position

Changes in net position: The School District's total revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 were \$38,606,031. The total expenses were \$37,870,942. The following table presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Type	Activities	Total			
-	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Revenues								
Program Revenues								
Charges for service	\$ 899,205	\$ 983,325	\$ 622,177 \$	685,542	\$ 1,521,382 \$	1,668,867		
Operating Grants								
and Contributions	36,483,633	35,400,025	441,873	438,637	36,925,506	35,838,662		
Capital Grants								
and Contributions	100,000	75,000	0	0	100,000	75,000		
Investment Earnings	59,072	67,941	71	69	59,143	68,010		
Total Revenues	37,541,910	36,526,291	1,064,121	1,124,248	38,606,031	37,650,539		
Expenses								
Education	36,790,181	36,180,988	0	0	36,790,181	36,180,988		
Food Service	0	0	1,080,761	1,086,912	1,080,761	1,086,912		
Total Expenses	36,790,181	36,180,988	1,080,761	1,086,912	37,870,942	37,267,900		
Change in Net Position	751,729	345,303	(16,640)	37,336	735,089	382,639		
Net Position - Beginning of Year	11,866,039	11,905,322	94,252	83,828	11,960,291	11,989,150		
Less GASB 68 Adjustment	0	(384,586)	0	(26,912)	0	(411,498)		
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 12,617,768	\$ 11,866,039	\$ 77,612 \$	94,252	\$ 12,695,380 \$	11,960,291		

Summarized Statement of Activities

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds: The focus of the School District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the School District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the School District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the School District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$4,462,400, a decrease of \$653,413. The School District has nonspendable funds of \$460,344 for prepaid expenses such as insurance premiums that are required before the end of each fiscal year. Restricted funds consist of \$58,225 for impact fees and \$875,327 for building renovations. The remaining fund balance of \$3,068,504 or 68.76% is unrestricted and available for spending. The School District has assigned \$1,104,927 of the unrestricted fund balance for special education contingencies, capital reserve funds and other miscellaneous funds.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the School District.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Assets: As of June 30, 2015, the School District's total capital assets were \$29,200,824 including land, school buildings, furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$1,422,870 from the previous year. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2015 was \$15,091,969 and total depreciation expense for the year ending June 30, 2015 was \$1,128,431 resulting in total net capital assets of \$14,108,855 as of June 30, 2015.

Additional information of the School District's capital assets can be found in Note IV (E) of this report.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The following table details the debt service applied during FY 2015.

	Principal Balance ne 30, 2014	cipal itions	Princ <u>Paym</u>	-	В	rincipal alance 30, 2015
Municipal Bond Bank	\$ 465,000	\$ 0	\$ 155	5,000	\$	310,000
DeLage Landen Financial	\$ 90,265	\$ 0	\$ 90),265	\$	0
Municipal Bond Bank	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	5,000,000

Additional information of the School District's long-term debt can be found in Note IV (J) of this report.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

• When comparing the budgeted revenue of \$34,232,860 and budgeted expenditures of \$34,282,860, approved by the voters on June 3, 2014, the School District received \$34,514,061 (100.82%) and spent \$33,360,490 (97.30%). Revenues exceeded expenses by \$1,153,571. This was the result of a concerted effort of the School Board and Administration to implement a budget plan within the resources approved by the voters and the use of reasonable internal controls.

Revenue exceeded the budget for the year by 0.82% or \$281,201. The following items were the driving factors.

- Special education expenditure reimbursement was over budget by \$188,573 or 6.55%. This figure includes extraordinary and state placed revenue.
- Special education IDEA-B Basic grant revenue was over budget by \$43,066 or 8.4%. This is attributed to the actual funding available and received from the State being more than originally allocated.
- Interest revenue was significantly below budget by \$66,048 due to a continued low interest rate environment.

The District finished the year spending 97.3% of its planned expenditures. Budget exceeded spending for the year by \$922,370. The following items are worth noting.

- Teacher and administrator compensation came in as expected and in line with the budget.
- Support staff came in well under budget by \$239,916 or 4.85% primarily due to special education spending coming in under budget and having open positions throughout the year.
- Health and dental insurance came in under budget by \$248,746 or 7.2% in aggregate. Again, this was primarily due to open support staff positions. The district budgeted for a combined increase of 4.60% for the year, however, only spent 0.47% more than in FY'14.
- Repairs and maintenance were well over budget by \$144,544 or 24.1%. The primary driver was the district's continued upgrade to electrical capacity and availability at all buildings. Other factors were ordinary repairs and maintenance that were required at all buildings that cannot always be anticipated.
- Substitutes were under budget by \$83,859 or 19.7%. There was less of a need for substitutes during the year than anticipated. This is a challenging area to budget for as staff sick leaves vary from year to year.
- Tuition to private and Vermont schools was over budget by \$92,677 or 11.3%. This was due in large part to an unanticipated tuition placement.
- Interest was under budget by \$77,765 or 24.7% due to budgeting for an increase in interest rates for the year but the rates remained flat.
- Transportation finished under budget by \$115,456 or 10.2% as a result of less special education transportation than expected and a lower contractual increase.

MAINTENANCE OF THE FACILITIES

- Completed the remodeling of the science labs at CHS.
- Replaced one section of the roof at CMS. Two other sections require replacement.
- Replaced the elevator at CHS.
- Refinished the gym floors at CMS and CHS. This will help to extend the overall useful life of the floors.
- Resealed the parking lots at CHS, CMS and MBS.
- Performed regular maintenance on all septic tanks. Continued regular preventative maintenance will allow all systems to operate beyond their expected useful life.

- Conducted preventive maintenance on all HVAC systems. This is important to keep the systems operating properly and to reduce the district's energy consumption.
- Inspected and repaired, as needed, all installed gym and playground equipment.
- Continued electrical upgrades at all schools to keep up with the increased electrical need due to the enhanced use of information technology equipment.
- Upgraded and redeployed wireless access points in all buildings to improve the access of wireless devices. The demand continues to grow as schools move toward a more mobile learning environment.
- Assessed the condition of all roofs throughout the district completing any necessary repairs.

FACTORS TO CONSIDER THAT COULD AFFECT THE FINANCIAL CONDITION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND FUTURE BUDGETS

- Education Spending: The cost of education continues to increase significantly while the student population declines statewide. Vermont has one of the highest per pupil spending costs in the nation. The General Fund revenue is not currently sufficient to properly support education or to provide any property tax relief. These factors will put a continued strain on school budgets and funding. The school district has significantly less students than it did 10 years ago. In the last few years, the district enrollment has leveled out and even seen a recent uptick. The recent approval of Act 166 (pre-k) will boost the district's enrollment. The school district continues to have one of the lowest per pupil spending amounts in Chittenden County due to its steady enrollment and controlled spending.
- **Budget Increases:** The School District's budgets have increased an average of 2.75% over the last 5 years. This is viewed by many in the community as unsustainable due to the lack of support from the General Fund and the heavy reliance on property taxes.
- Act 46: A provision in the state's new education law that was meant to hold down property taxes (Allowable Growth Percentage) could cause some districts financial hardship or force severe program and personnel cuts.
- State/Federal Requirements:
 - No Child Left Behind ("NCLB"): This federal education reform law will likely be replaced by the Every Student Succeeds Act ("ESSA"). ESSA easily passed the Senate vote and awaits the approval of President Obama. Changes to the law will provide states with greater flexibility to design their own accountability system and methods of evaluation. It is too early to know what the cost factors will be for districts.
 - Consolidated Federal Grants: Federal funding has been declining over the past several years and greater restrictions are placed on the funds thus limiting district flexibility. It is too early to know what the approval of ESSA will mean to the allocation of federal grants or the restrictions that might be put in place.
 - Special Education: Mandates continue to increase and spending in this area exceeds the cost of regular education thus further driving up overall budget increases regardless of the revenue side of the budget.

- Vermont State Teachers Retirement System: Starting in FY'16, school districts will be responsible for paying annual contributions to the VSTRS plan for all federally funded employees that are members of the VSTRS plan. This will reduce federal dollars that were previously available to support education.
- **Contracts:** Compensation increases for teachers, administrators and support staff will range from 3.00% to 3.35% for the next two years. Teacher and administrator contracts are in place for the next two years. A one year support staff contract is in place for FY'16 and a one year successor contract is near approval for FY'17.
- **Healthcare:** Large scale changes in the health care industry might result in higher increases to the district in the next few years. The district has felt some shelter from working with Vermont School Board Insurance Trust in prior years.

CURRENT STATUS

- **4** The School District remains financially stable.
- **4** The current resources are adequate for today's needs.
- **4** The physical plant is in good condition and improving.
- **4** Energy conservation remains a primary focus for the school district.
- 4 Class sizes and student to teacher ratios are appropriate.
- The rising cost of education and the state funding formula will continue to challenge tax payers.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have questions about this report, contact the Business and Operations Manager of the Colchester School District, P.O. Box 27, Colchester, VT 05446, telephone (802) 264-5999.

COLCHESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash Cash- Restricted	\$ 3,918,474 875,327	\$ 6,032 0	\$ 3,924,506 875,327
Receivables (Net of Allowance for	25.006	19.004	54 000
Uncollectibles) Due from the Town of Colchester	35,226	18,994 0	54,220
Inventories	58,876 0	12,759	58,876 12,759
Prepaid Expenses	460,344	3,717	464,061
Internal Balances	87,996	(87,996)	0
Capital Assets:	01,000	(07,570)	0
Land	43,810	0	43,810
Land Improvements	270,000	0	270,000
Construction in Progress	29,676	0	29,676
Other Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated			
Depreciation)	13,583,257	182,112	13,765,369
Total Assets	19,362,986	135,618	19,498,604
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to the			
School District's Participation in VMERS	213,208	14,919	228,127
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	213,208	14,919	228,127
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Accounts Payable	161,124	765	161,889
Accrued Payroll and Benefits Payable	166,579	230	166,809
Due to State of Vermont	67,290	0	67,290
Unearned Revenue	578,850	29,076	607,926
Accrued Interest Payable	23,301	0	23,301
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Due within One Year	155,000	0	155,000
Due in More than One Year	5,343,834	10,494	5,354,328
Total Liabilities	6,495,978	40,565	6,536,543
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the			
School District's Participation in VMERS	462,448	32,360	494,808
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	462,448	32,360	494,808
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted For:	9,492,070	182,112	9,674,182
Impact Fee Eligible Expenses	58,225	0	58,225
Unrestricted/(Deficit)	3,067,473	(104,500)	2,962,973
Total Net Position	\$ 12,617,768	\$ 77,612	\$12,695,380

COLCHESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

				Program Revenues				_			Expenses) Revenue ar anges in Net Position	ıd		
	_	Expenses		Charges for Services	-	Operating Grants and Contributions	-	Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	-	Business-Type Activities		Total
Functions/Programs: Primary Government: Governmental Activities:														
Education	\$	36,790,181	\$	899,205	\$	36,483,633	\$_	100,000	\$	692,657	\$	0	\$	692,657
Total Governmental Activities	_	36,790,181		899,205	-	36,483,633	-	100,000	_	692,657	-	0		692,657
Business-Type Activities:														
Food Service	_	1,080,761		622,177	-	441,873	-	0	_	0	-	(16,711)		(16,711)
Total Business-Type Activities		1,080,761		622,177	_	441,873	-	0		0	-	(16,711)		(16,711)
Total Primary Government	\$	37,870,942	\$	1,521,382	\$	36,925,506	\$	100,000	_	692,657	-	(16,711)		675,946
		Revenues: stricted Interest Inco icted Interest Inco							_	58,967 105	-	71 0	_	59,038 105
	Т	otal General Reve	nues							59,072	-	71		59,143
	Change in	n Net Position								751,729		(16,640)		735,089
	Net Positi	ion - July 1, 2014,	As Re	stated					_	11,866,039	-	94,252		11,960,291
	Net Positi	ion - June 30, 201	5						\$	12,617,768	\$	77,612	\$	12,695,380

COLCHESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

		General Fund	C	apital Projects Fund		Total
ASSETS					-	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,918,474	\$	875,327	\$	4,793,801
Miscellaneous Receivables		14,008		0		14,008
Due from Other Funds		0		709,423		709,423
Due from the State of Vermont		21,218		0		21,218
Due from the Town of Colchester		58,876		0		58,876
Prepaid Expenses	_	460,344		0	-	460,344
Total Assets	\$	4,472,920	\$	1,584,750	\$_	6,057,670
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	161,124	\$	0	\$	161,124
Accrued Payroll Liabilities		166,579		0		166,579
Due to Other Funds		621,427		0		621,427
Due to State of Vermont		67,290		0		67,290
Unearned Revenue		578,850	_	0	_	578,850
Total Liabilities		1,595,270	_	0	-	1,595,270
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		460,344		0		460,344
Restricted		58,225		875,327		933,552
Assigned		395,504		709,423		1,104,927
Unassigned		1,963,577		0	-	1,963,577
Total Fund Balances		2,877,650	_	1,584,750		4,462,400
Total Liabilities						
and Fund Balances	\$	4,472,920	\$	1,584,750		
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Stat	ement	of Net Position	are Diffe	erent Because:		
Capital Assets Used in Governmental Activities are not Fin	nancia	l Resources and,	therefor	e, are not		
Reported in the Funds.						13,926,743
Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Relating to the Applicable to Future Periods and, therefore, are Not Repo			ticipatio	n in VMERS are		(399,211)
Long Term and Accrued Liabilities, Including Bonds Paya	ıble, aı	re not Due or Pay	able in t	he Current		
Period and, therefore, are Not Reported in the Funds.					-	(5,372,164)
Net Position of Governmental Activities					\$_	12,617,768

COLCHESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	C	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total
Revenues:				
Regular Instructional:				
General State Support Grants	\$	28,129,591	\$ 0	\$ 28,129,591
Other State Revenue		825,690	0	825,690
Federal Grants		595,706	0	595,706
Tuition		806,119	0	806,119
Other Local Revenue		284,303	0	284,303
Local Grants		167,351	0	167,351
Interest		58,967	105	59,072
Special Education Support:				
State Revenue		4,171,753	0	4,171,753
Federal Revenue		559,972	0	559,972
Tuition		93,086	0	93,086
Intergovernmental Pension Contribution		1,849,267	0	1,849,267
Intergo vermientar i ension controlation		1,019,207	 0	 1,019,207
Total Revenues		37,541,805	 105	 37,541,910
Expenditures:				
Regular Instructional:				
Direct Instructional		14,890,909	128,027	15,018,936
Vocational Tuition		792,023	0	792,023
Student Support Services		1,898,620	0	1,898,620
Staff Support Services		1,323,287	0	1,323,287
General Administration		557,862	0	557,862
School Administration		2,051,367	0	2,051,367
Fiscal Services		1,473,533	0	1,473,533
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		3,175,527	0	3,175,527
Transportation Services		928,523	0	928,523
Special Education Support:		928,323	0	920,525
Direct Instructional		6,249,884	0	6,249,884
Student Support Services		1,289,698	0	1,289,698
Staff Support Services		41,724	0	41,724
General Administration		377,582	0	377,582
Transportation Services		260,091	0	260,091
Capital Outlay		609,479	1,709,747	2,319,226
Debt Service:				
Principal		199,853	0	199,853
Interest		237,587	 0	 237,587
Total Expenditures		36,357,549	 1,837,774	 38,195,323
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		1,184,256	 (1,837,669)	 (653,413)
Other Financing Sources/(Uses):				
Transfers In/Out		(19,467)	19,467	0
		(1),407)	 17,407	 0
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)		(19,467)	 19,467	 0
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,164,789	(1,818,202)	(653,413)
Fund Balance - July 1, 2014		1,712,861	 3,402,952	 5,115,813
Fund Balance - June 30, 2015	\$	2,877,650	\$ 1,584,750	\$ 4,462,400

COLCHESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit B) are

different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total government funds (Exhibit D)	\$	(653,413)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement		
of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful		
lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital		
outlay (\$2,319,226) exceeded depreciation (\$1,109,149) in the current period.		1,210,077
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets		
(i.e., sales, trade-ins, donations and disposals) is to decrease net position		(30,531)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial		
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term		
debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither		
transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net amount		
by which repayments in the current period (\$245,265) exceeded proceeds (\$0).		245,265
Governmental funds report employer pension contributions as expenditures (\$211,830). However, in the		
statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions (\$226,455) is		(14.625)
reported as pension expense. The amount is the net effect of the differences in the treatment of pension expense.		(14,625)
pension expense.		
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of		
current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in		
governmental funds.	_	(5,044)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit B)	\$	751,729

COLCHESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	Food Service Fund
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash	\$ 6,032
Miscellaneous Receivables	3,521
Due from State of Vermont	15,473
Inventory	12,759
Prepaid Expenses	3,717
Total Current Assets	41,502
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital Assets:	
Equipment	455,781
Accumulated Depreciation	(273,669)
Total Noncurrent Assets	182,112
Total Assets	223,614
DEFERRED OUTLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to the School District's	
Participation in VMERS	14,919
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	14,919
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	765
Accrued Payroll and Benefits Payable	230
Due to Other Funds	87,996
Unearned Revenue	29,076
Tatel Connect Link little	110.077
Total Current Liabilities	118,067
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Net Pension Payable	10,494
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	10,494
Total Liabilities	128,561
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the School District's Participation in VMERS	32,360
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	32,360
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	182,112
Unrestricted/(Deficit)	(104,500)
Total Net Position	77,612
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 238,533

COLCHESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Food Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:		
State and Federal Grants	\$	381,556
Food Service Sales		622,177
Commodities		44,366
Miscellaneous Income	-	15,951
Total Operating Revenues	_	1,064,050
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Wages and Benefits		554,063
Food		426,889
Supplies		28,212
Commodities		39,481
Professional Services		3,556
Miscellaneous		8,808
Depreciation	-	19,282
Total Operating Expenses	-	1,080,291
Operating Income/(Loss)	_	(16,241)
NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES):		
Interest Income		71
Loss on Disposal of Equipment	-	(470)
Total Nonoperating Revenues/(Expenses)	-	(399)
Change in Net Position		(16,640)
Net Position - July 1, 2014, As Restated	-	94,252
Net Position - June 30, 2015	\$ =	77,612

COLCHESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	_	Food Service Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		
Receipts from Food Sales	\$	621,436
Receipts from State and Federal Grants		425,035
Receipts from Miscellaneous Income		12,956
Payments to Suppliers of Goods and Services		(457,468)
Payments for Wages and Benefits	_	(553,385)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	_	48,574
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:		
Change in Due to Other Funds	_	(38,722)
		(20, 522)
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		(38,722)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Purchase of Equipment	_	(12,588)
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	_	(12,588)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		
Receipt of Interest	_	71
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	_	71
Net Decrease in Cash		(2,665)
Cash - July 1, 2014	_	8,697
Cash - June 30, 2015	\$_	6,032
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities:		
	¢	(16.241)
Operating Income/(Loss)	\$	(16,241)
Depreciation		19,282
Net Change in Commodities Inventory		4,885
Increase in Miscellaneous Receivables		(2,995)
Decrease in Due from State of Vermont		48,364
Decrease in Inventory Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to the		(574)
School District's Participation in VMERS		(96)
Decrease in Prepaid Expenses		(86) 364
		437
Increase in Accounts Payable		
Decrease in Accrued Payroll Decrease in Unearned Revenue - Food Sales		(345) (741)
Decrease in Unearned Revenue - Food Sales Decrease in Unearned Revenue - State Grants		(4,885)
Decrease in Onearned Revenue - State Grants Decrease in Pension Liability		(4,885) (31,251)
Increase in Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the		(31,231)
School District's Participation in VMERS		32,360
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$_	48,574

The School District received \$44,366 and consumed \$39,481 of federal commodities during the year.

COLCHESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

<u>ASSETS</u>	Private Purpose Trust Funds	Agency Fund - Student Activities Fund
Cash Investments	\$ 2,137 229,399	\$ 105,888 16,948
Total Assets	231,536	122,836
LIABILITIES		
Due to Student Organizations	0	122,836
Total Liabilities	0	122,836
NET POSITION		
Held in Trust for Various Purposes	231,536	0
Total Net Position	\$231,536	\$0

Exhibit J

COLCHESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

ADDITIONS:	,	Private Purpose Trust Funds
Contributions Net Investment Income	\$	111,950 2,082
Total Additions	_	114,032
DEDUCTIONS:		
Scholarships and Awards Investment Expenses	_	14,850 150
Total Deductions	_	15,000
Change In Net Position		99,032
Net Position - July 1, 2014	_	132,504
Net Position - June 30, 2015	\$_	231,536

The Colchester School District (herein the "School District") consists of Colchester High School, Colchester Middle School, Malletts Bay, Union Memorial and Porters Point Elementary Schools in addition to several special and vocational educational programs.

The School District, for financial reporting purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operations of the Colchester School District. The financial statements presented herein do not include agencies which have been formed under applicable state laws or separate and distinct units of government apart from the Colchester School District.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies adopted by the School District conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies employed in the preparation of these financial statements.

A. The Financial Reporting Entity

This report includes all of the funds of the School District. The reporting entity consists of the primary government; organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific burdens on the primary government. The primary government is financially financial accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or imposed specific financial burdens on the primary government regardless whether the organization has a separately elected governing board; a governing board appointed by a higher level of government; or a jointly appointed board. Based on these criteria, there are no other entities that should be combined with the financial statements of the School District.

B. Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the School District are organized and operated on the basis of fund accounting. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The basic financial statements of the School District include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The focus of the government-wide statements is on reporting the operating results and financial position of the School District as a whole and present a longerterm view of the School District's finances. The focus of the fund financial statements is on reporting on the operating results and financial position of the most significant funds of the School District and present a shorter-term view of how operations were financed and what remains available for future spending.

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government, the School District. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of activities between funds. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the School District. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties. The only business-type activity of the School District is the Food Service Fund.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities and each segment of the School District's business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function or program. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The School District reports on the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except those accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund – This fund accounts for the capital projects and capital reserve of the School District.

The School District reports on the following major enterprise funds:

Food Service Fund – This fund accounts for the food service activities of the School District.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions.

Additionally, the School District reports the following fund types:

Private Purpose Trust Funds – These funds are used to report trust arrangements under which resources are to be used for the benefit of students enrolling in higher education and to support women studies. All investment earnings and in some cases, the principal of these funds, may be used to support these activities.

Agency Funds – These funds account for monies maintained for various student groups at the School District.

C. Measurement Focus

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets and liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the balance sheet (or statement of net position). Fund equity (i.e., net total position) is segregated into investment in capital assets, net of related debt, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position. Operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus. This means that only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are generally reported on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balances (net current position) are considered a measure of available spendable resources, and are segregated into nonspendable; restricted; committed; assigned and unassigned amounts. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current position. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of available spendable spendable resources during a period.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flow takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include assessments, grants and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from assessments is recognized in the fiscal year for which the assessments are levied. Revenue from grants and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means the amount is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The School District considers all revenues reported in governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year end. However, the School District does not follow this policy in regards to certain grant revenue. This is a departure from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, certain compensated absences and other long-term liabilities which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated or are funded with expendable available financial resources.

In the General Fund, \$7,621 and \$14,397 of grant revenue was recorded as revenue at June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, that was not received within the period of availability. The effect at June 30, 2015 is that fund balance is overstated by \$7,621 and revenue and the net change in fund balance is understated by \$6,776. Management has determined that these amounts are not material to the financial statements.

General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the School District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and other grant requirements have been met.

E. Use of Estimates

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

F. New Pronouncement – Pension Plans

Effective June 30, 2015, the School District implemented GASB Statement No. 68, "Financial Reporting for Pension Plans" – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. GASB Statement No. 68 requires the reporting of the proportionate share of the net pension liability related to the School District's participation in the Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement System (VMERS) and the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System as well as additional disclosures and required supplemental information.

G. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

1. Cash

The School District considers all short-term investments of ninety (90) days or less to be cash equivalents.

2. Investments

The School District invests as allowed by State Statute. Investments with readily determinable fair values are reported at their fair values on the balance sheet. Unrealized gains and losses are included in revenue.

3. Receivables

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts for the estimated losses that will be incurred in the collection of the receivables. The estimated losses are based on the judgment of management and a review of the current status of existing receivables. At June 30, 2015, the allowance is \$-0-.

4. Internal Balances

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds". All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

5. Inventories and Prepaid Expenses

Inventory quantities are determined by physical count and are valued at cost. Inventories in the Food Service Fund consist of food and supplies.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs that are applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid expenses.

Reported inventories and prepaid expenses of governmental funds in the fund financial statements are offset by a nonspendable fund balance as these are not in spendable form.

6. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the proportionate share of the net pension liability and the related deferred outflows/inflows of resources and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement System (VMERS) plan and additions to/deductions from the VMERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by VMERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statements element, "deferred outflows of resources", represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. The School District has one type which arises under the accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. The governmental activities, the business-type activities and the proprietary fund report deferred outflows of resources from one source; deferred outflows related to the School District's participation in the Vermont Municipal Employees Retirement System. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an outflow of resources in the future periods to which the outflows are related.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, "deferred inflows of resources", represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School District has one type of item that qualified for reporting in this category. The governmental activities reports deferred inflows of resources from one source; deferred inflows related to the School District's participation in the Vermont Municipal Employees Retirement System. The Business-type activities reports deferred inflows of resources from one source; deferred inflows related to the School District's participation in the Vermont Municipal Employees Retirement System. The Business-type activities reports deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the future periods to which the inflows are related.

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost if purchased or constructed. Contributed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the time received. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as constructed. Interest is not capitalized during the construction phase of capital assets used in governmental activities. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized. Infrastructure assets are reported starting with fiscal year ending June 30, 2004. The School District has elected to not report major general infrastructure assets retroactively.

Capital assets reported in the government-wide financial statements are depreciated in order that the cost of these assets will be charged to expenses over their estimated service lives, generally using the straight-line method of calculating depreciation.

The capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) are generally \$2,500 to \$3,000 for individual items and \$10,000 for an asset group. The estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

	Estimated Service Life
Land and Land Improvements	N/A
Outdoor Assets	10-60 Years
Buildings and Building Improvements	20-96 Years
Equipment and Furniture	3-50 Years
Books	8-15 Years
Vehicles	4-25 Years
Food Service Equipment	7-30 Years

Capital assets are not reported in the governmental fund type financial statements. Capital outlays in these funds are recorded as expenditures in the year they are incurred.

9. Compensated Absences

It is the policy of the School District to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits up to five (5) days for twelve (12) month administrators and support staff. Two administrators are allowed to accumulate ten (10) days based on their contracts. No School District employees are entitled to a payout of sick benefits upon separation from service. The accrual for unused compensated absences, based on current pay rates, is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The liability for unused compensated absences is not reported in the governmental fund type financial statements. Payments for unused compensated absences are recorded as expenditures in the year they are paid.

10. Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities include bonds and notes payable, compensated absences and the net pension liability. Long-term liabilities are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund type financial statements.

Governmental fund type financial statements do not include any long-term liabilities as those funds use the current financial resources measurement focus and only include current assets and liabilities on their balance sheets.

11. Fund Equity

Fund equity is classified based upon any restrictions that have been placed on those balances or any tentative plans management may have made for those balances. Restrictions of net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements represent amounts that cannot be appropriated or are legally restricted for a specific purpose by a grant, contract, or other binding agreement. Fund balances of governmental funds are classified as nonspendable (not in spendable form or legally required to remain intact); restricted (constraints on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, or donors, or imposed by law through enabling legislation); committed (constraints on the use of resources are imposed by formal action of the voters); assigned (reflecting the School Board's intended use of the resources); and unassigned.

II. EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND AND GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Governmental fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, while government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. These differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting lead to differences between the governmental fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements as follows:

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas government-wide statements report revenues when they are earned. Long-term expense differences arise because governmental funds report operating expenses (including interest) using the modified accrual basis of accounting, whereas government-wide statements report expenses using the accrual basis of accounting.

Capital related differences arise because governmental funds report capital outlays as current period expenditures, whereas government–wide statements report depreciation as an expense. Further, governmental funds report the proceeds from the sale of capital assets as revenue, whereas government-wide statements report the gain or loss from the sale of capital assets as revenue or expense.

Long-term debt transaction differences arise because governmental funds report bond proceeds as other financing sources and principal payments as expenditures, whereas government-wide statements report those transactions as increases and decreases in liabilities, respectively.

Pension-related differences arise because governmental funds report the current year's required employer contributions as current period expenditures, whereas government-wide statements report those transactions as deferred outflows of resources. In addition, the accrual for the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements along with the related deferred inflows and outflows of resources.

III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund. The General Fund budgetary basis of accounting utilizes generally accepted accounting principles but excludes unbudgeted items.

The School District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. The School Superintendent submits to the School Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1st. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Said hearings are held more than two days prior to the date of the annual School District meeting. The School Board then reviews the budget and adopts it with or without change. The proposed budget is distributed to the legal voters of the Town of Colchester at least ten days before the public hearing.

3. The School Superintendent may at any time transfer an unencumbered balance or portion thereof between general classifications of expenditures within an office, department or agency under his/her jurisdiction.

There were no budget amendments during the year.

B. Budgeted Deficit

The School District elected to budget expenditures in excess of revenue by \$50,000 in the General Fund in order to utilize a portion of the prior year's surplus. This is reflected as a budgeted deficiency of revenue over expenditures.

C. Fund Deficit

The \$104,500, unrestricted deficit in the Food Service Fund will be funded with future food sales, reduction in expenses and support from the General Fund.

D. Restatement of Net Position/Fund Balances and Reclassification of Fund Balances

Effective June 30, 2015, the School District implemented GASB Statement No. 68, "Financial Reporting for Pension Plans" – An amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. As a result, beginning net position of the Governmental Activities was reduced by \$384,586. The reduction reflects the School District's \$596,551 share of beginning net pension liability and the School District's \$211,965 of contributions made to VMERS during fiscal year 2014. The Governmental Activities net position has been restated from \$12,250,625 to \$11,866,039.

The beginning net position of the Cafeteria Fund and Business-type activities was reduced by \$26,912 resulting from the proportionate share of the net pension liability of \$14,833 at June 30, 2014 net of the deferred outflows of resources of \$41,745 of required contributions made during fiscal year 2014. The Cafeteria Fund and Business-type activities net position has been restated from \$121,164 to \$94,252.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are comprised of the following:

Cash: Deposits with Financial Institutions Petty Cash	\$4,031,898 <u>633</u>
Total Cash	<u>4,032,531</u>
Restricted Cash:	
Deposits with Investment Company	875,327
Total Restricted Cash	875,327
Total Cash	<u>4,907,858</u>
Investments:	
Certificates of Deposit	144,932
Mutual Funds	101,415
Total Investments	246,347
Total Cash and Investments	\$ <u>5,154,205</u>

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counter-party (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of another party. The School District does not have any policy to limit the exposure to custodial credit risk. The mutual funds are in the name of the School District and not exposed to custodial credit risk. The School District's deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk as outlined in the following deposit analysis:

	Book Balance	Bank Balance
Insured (FDIC)	\$ 644,932	\$ 644,932
Uninsured, Collateralized by U.S. Government		
Securities, Federal Agency Issued Mortgage Backed		
Securities and/or General Obligation Vermont		
Municipal Notes and Bonds Held by the Bank's Trust		
Department with a Security Interest Granted to the		
School District	3,781,898	4,085,973
Uninsured, Uncollateralized-Held by the Bank's Trust		
Department	625,327	625,327
Petty Cash	633	N/A
Total	\$ 5,052,790	\$ 5,356,232

The difference between the book balance and the bank balance is due to reconciling items such as deposits in transit and outstanding checks.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that a large percentage of the School District's investments are held within one security. The School District does not have any limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. The School District does not have any investments in any one issuer, other than mutual funds, that represent more than 5% of the total investments.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The School District does not have any policy to limit the exposure to interest rate risk.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the School District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the School District's investments by maturity.

Remaining Maturity

Investment Type	Les	ss than 1 Year	Total
Certificates of Deposit	\$	144,932	\$ 144,932

The School District has eight (8) certificates of deposit ranging from \$1,043 to \$89,754 with interest rates ranging from .15% to .50%. All of the certificates of deposit mature during fiscal year 2016.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The School District's certificates of deposit are exempt from the credit risk analysis. The School District's mutual funds are open-ended and, therefore, are also excluded from the credit risk analysis. The School District does not have any policy to limit the exposure to credit risk.

Restricted Cash

Cash is restricted in accordance with the General Obligation Bond issued through the Vermont Municipal Bond Bank for the School District's capital projects. The debt instrument requires proceeds to be in custody with a third party financial institution which is U.S. Bank. The amount of restricted cash is \$875,327.

B. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2015, as reported in the statement of net position, net of applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Special Education - Extraordinary Reimbursement	\$ 7,621	\$ 0	\$ 7,621
State Grants Receivable	13,539	15,473	29,012
Miscellaneous	14,066	3,521	17,587
Total	\$35,226	\$ <u>18,994</u>	\$ 54,220

C. Due from the Town of Colchester

The Due from the Town of Colchester consists of the following at June 30, 2015:

Impact Fees	\$58,225
Telephone/General State Support Grant	651
Total	\$ <u>58,876</u>

D. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses consists of the following at June 30, 2015:

	Governmental Activities		iness-Type Activities	Total		
Health Insurance	\$	310,863	\$ 0	\$	310,863	
Dental, Life and Long Term						
Disability Insurance		21,937	0		21,937	
Professional Development		2,295	0		2,295	
Software Support		68,800	3,717		72,517	
Summer Services - Special Education		36,451	0		36,451	
Building and Equipment Rental		5,893	0		5,893	
Miscellaneous		14,105	 0		14,105	
Total	\$	460,344	\$ 3,717	\$	464,061	

E. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	 Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases	_	Ending Balance
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$ 43,810	\$	0	\$	0	\$	43,810
Land Improvements	270,000		0		0		270,000
Construction in Progress	2,286,173		29,676		2,286,173		29,676
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	 2,599,983		29,676	_	2,286,173	-	343,486
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:							
Outdoor Assets	1,365,404		1,290		0		1,366,694
Buildings and Building Improvements	16,591,211		3,887,480		0		20,478,691
Equipment and Furniture	4,713,952		651,967		850,094		4,515,825
Books	1,583,596		0		15,458		1,568,138
Vehicles	 446,772		34,986		9,549	_	472,209
Totals	 24,700,935		4,575,723		875,101	_	28,401,557
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Outdoor Assets	723,294		76,567		0		799,861
Buildings and Building Improvements	9,477,972		453,507		0		9,931,479
Equipment and Furniture	2,848,186		489,732		819,563		2,518,355
Books	1,236,022		56,517		15,458		1,277,081
Vehicles	 268,247	_	32,826		9,549	_	291,524
Totals	 14,553,721	_	1,109,149	_	844,570	_	14,818,300
Net Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	 10,147,214		3,466,574	_	30,531	-	13,583,257
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 12,747,197	\$	3,496,250	\$	2,316,704	\$	13,926,743

	Beginning Balance	Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities			-			
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:						
Equipment	\$ 465,912	\$ 12,588	\$	33,843	\$	444,657
Vehicle	 11,124	 0		0	_	11,124
Totals	 477,036	 12,588	-	33,843		455,781
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:						
Equipment	283,125	17,428		33,373		267,180
Vehicle	 4,635	 1,854	_	0		6,489
Totals	287,760	 19,282		33,373	_	273,669
Net Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	189,276	 (6,694)		470		182,112
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 189,276	\$ (6,694)	\$	470	\$	182,112

Depreciation was charged as follows:

Governmental Activities:		Business - Type Activities:		
Education	\$ 1,109,149	Food Service	\$_	19,282
Total Depreciation Expense	se -	Total Depreciation Expe	ense -	
Governmental Activities	\$ 1,109,149	Business-Type Activitie	es \$_	19,282

F. Interfund Balances and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances at June 30, 2015 is as follows:

Fund	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables
General Fund Capital Projects Fund Food Service Fund	\$ 0 709,423 0	\$ 621,427 0 <u>87,996</u>
Totals	\$ <u>709,423</u>	\$ <u>709,423</u>

Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2015 were as follows:

Transfer From	<u>Amount</u>	Transfer To	<u>Amount</u>	Purpose
General Fund	\$ <u>19,467</u>	Capital Projects Fund	\$ <u>19,467</u>	Capital Reserves

G. Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources in the Governmental Activities consists of \$1,378 from changes in the School District's proportional share of contributions related to the School District's participation in the Vermont Municipal Employee's Retirement System (VMERS) and \$211,830 of required employer pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date. Total deferred outflows of resources in the Governmental Activities is \$213,208.

Deferred outflows of resources in the Cafeteria Fund and Business-type Activities consists of \$96 resulting from changes in the School District's proportional share of contributions related to the School District's participation in the Vermont Municipal Employee's Retirement System (VMERS) and \$14,823 of required employer pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date for a total of \$14,919.

H. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue consists of grants received in excess of eligible expenses and prepayment for meals.

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Unearned Grant Revenue:			
Medicaid	\$ 534,596	\$ 0	\$ 534,596
EPSDT	23,830	0	23,830
Title I	2,068	0	2,068
Title II	9,636	0	9,636
Title III	1,328	0	1,328
IDEA-B	534	0	534
Miscellaneous Small Grants	6,858	0	6,858
Student /Adult Meal Payments	0	26,109	26,109
USDA Commodities	0	2,967	2,967
Total	\$ 578,850	\$	\$ 607,926

I. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources in the Governmental Activities consists of \$462,448 resulting from the difference between the projected and actual investment earnings related to the School District's participation in the Vermont Municipal Employee's Retirement System (VMERS), as further described in Note V.A.

Deferred inflows of resources in the Business-type Activities and the Food Service Fund consists of \$32,360 resulting from the difference between the projected and actual investment earnings related to the School District's participation in the Vermont Municipal Employee's Retirement System (VMERS), as further described in Note V.A.

J. Long-term Liabilities

<u>General Obligation Bonds</u>. The School District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and to refund prior issues. General obligation bonds have been issued for general governmental activities. Bonds are reported in governmental activities if the debt is expected to be repaid from general governmental revenues.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District. New bonds generally are issued as 10 to 20 year bonds. Refunding bonds are issued for various terms based on the debt service of the debt refunded.

<u>Other Notes Payable</u> – The School District has other notes payable to finance various capital purchases through local banks.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – It is the policy of the Colchester School District to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused benefits. The accrual for unused compensated absences time, based on current pay rates, is recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Net Pension Liability</u> - The net pension liability is the difference between the total pension liability (the present value of projected benefit payments to employees based on their past service) and the assets (mostly investments reported at fair value) set aside to pay current employees, retirees, and beneficiaries. The accrual for the School District's share of the net pension liability is recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

Long-term liabilities outstanding as of June 30, 2015 were as follows:

-		alance 1, 2014	<u>Addi</u>	<u>tions</u>	Deletions		Balaı June 30	nce) <u>, 2015</u>
Governmental Activities:								
Note Payable – DeLage Landen Financial for Copiers, Payments are \$9,150 Monthly with 2.975% Interest, Due May, 2015	\$	90,265	\$	0	\$90,265	*	\$	0
Bond Payable – Vermont Municipal Bond Bank for Renovations of Science Labs, Interest Only Until May, 2017, then Annual Principal Payments of \$294,17 Payable on November 15, Interest Ranging from 1.934% to 4.64 Payable on May 15 and								
November 15, Due November, 2033	5,	000,000		0	0		5,00	00,000

	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2015
Bond Payable - Vermont Municipal Bond Bank for Renovations at all of the District's Schools, Payments are \$160,000 Annually Until December, 2006, then Payments Decrease to \$155,000, Interest is at 5.093%, Due December, 2016	\$ <u>465,000</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>155,000</u>	\$ <u>310,000</u>
Total Long-Term Debt - Governmental Activities	\$ <u>5,555,265</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>245,265</u>	\$ <u>5,310,000</u>

* \$45,412 of this debt was forgiven when new copiers were leased.

Changes in all long-term liabilities during the year were as follows:

		ginning alance		Additions	 Reductions	 Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: General Obligation Bonds Payable	\$ 5,4	65,000	\$	0	\$ 155,000	\$ 5,310,000	\$	155,000
Notes Payable		90,265		0	90,265	0		0
Compensated Absences		33,011		5,852	0	38,863		0
Net Pension Liability	5	96,551		0	446,580	149,971		0
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ <u>6,1</u>	84,827	\$	5,852	\$ 691,845	\$ 5,498,834	_\$_	155,000
Business-type Activities: Net Pension Liability	\$	41,745	\$_	0	\$ 31,251	\$ 10,494	_\$_	0
Total Business-type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	41,745	\$	0	\$ 31,251	\$ 10,494	\$	0

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities						
June 30,	Principal	Interest					
2016	\$ 155,000	\$ 188,297					
2017	155,000	181,067					
2018	294,118	183,562					
2019	294,118	177,300					
2020	294,118	169,979					
2021-2025	1,470,588	711,499					
2026-2030	1,470,588	428,176					
2031-2035	<u>1,176,470</u>	108,609					
Total	\$ <u>5,310,000</u>	\$ <u>2,148,489</u>					

K. Short-Term Debt

The short-term debt activity during the year was as follows:

Beginning Balance	\$	0
Proceeds of Tax Anticipation Note	3,060,	000
Repayment of Tax Anticipation Note	<u>(3,060,</u>	<u>000</u>)
Ending Balance	\$	0

Total interest expense for all debt during the year included in direct educational expenses on Exhibit B is \$237,587.

Subsequent to year end, the School District borrowed \$2,882,000 on a current expense note from the People's United Bank with interest at 1.18% and due on June 30, 2016.

L. Fund Balances/Net Position

GASB Statement No. 34, as amended by GASB Statement No. 54, requires fund balances reported on the governmental fund balance sheet to be classified using a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balances are to be classified as: nonspendable (not in spendable form or legally required to remain intact); restricted (constraints on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or donors, or imposed by law through enabling legislation); committed (constraints on the use of resources are imposed by formal action of the voters); assigned (reflecting the School Board's intended use of the resources); and unassigned.

Special Revenue Funds are created only to report a revenue source (or sources) that is restricted or committed to a specified purpose, and that the revenue source should constitute a substantial portion of the resources reported in that fund. Special revenue funds cannot be used to accumulate funds that are not restricted or committed. These amounts will have to be reflected in the General Fund.

Amounts constrained to stabilization will be reported as restricted or committed fund balance in the General Fund if they meet the other criteria for those classifications. However, stabilization is regarded as a specified purpose only if the circumstances or conditions that signal the need for stabilization (a) are identified in sufficient detail and (b) are not expected to occur routinely. The School District does not have any stabilization arrangements.

Some governments create stabilization-like arrangements by establishing formal minimum fund balance policies. The School District does not have any minimum fund balance policies.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available, it is the School District's policy to first consider restricted amounts to have been spent, followed by committed, assigned, and finally unassigned amounts.

Restricted Net Position

The net position in the governmental activities is restricted as follows:

Restricted for Bond Payments for Malletts Bay School by Impact Fees	\$	58,225
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ <u></u>	58,225
Nonspendable Fund Balances		
The fund balances in the following funds are nonspendable as follows:		
Nonspendable General Fund Prepaid Expenses	\$ <u> </u>	460,344
Total Nonspendable Fund Balances	\$ <u></u>	460,344
Restricted Fund Balances		
The fund balances in the following funds are restricted as follows:		
Restricted for Bond Payments for Malletts Bay School by Impact Fees Restricted for Building Renovations – Unspent Bond Proceeds	\$	58,225 875,327

Total Restricted Fund Balances\$ 933,552

Assigned Fund Balances

The fund balances in the following funds are assigned as follows:

General Fund:		
Assigned for Special Education	\$	144,233
Assigned for E-Rate		180,478
Assigned for Technical Education		29,796
Assigned for Miscellaneous		12,053
Assigned for Wellness		7,160
Assigned for Education Programs		17,127
Assigned for Parking Permits		267
Assigned for PSAT and AP Testing Program		1,558
Assigned for Summer School		2,218
Assigned for Athletic Programs	_	614
Total General Fund	_	395,504
Capital Projects Fund:		
Assigned for Future Capital Projects	_	709,423
Total Assigned Fund Balances	\$ <u>]</u>	1,104,927

M. Net Position Held in Trust for Various Purposes.

The net position held in trust for various purposes as of June 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

Private Purpose Trust Funds

Restricted for Scholarships by Donors:	
General Trust Fund	\$ 1,043
Coates Fund	102,415
Colchester Community Fund	90,891
Woodmen Fund	15,568
Faller Fund	7,852
Mallory Fund	7,418
Kohlasch Fund	1,349
Restricted for Library Women Studies:	
Kelly Foundation Fund	5,000
Total	\$ <u>231,536</u>

V. OTHER INFORMATION

A. PENSION PLANS

Defined Benefit Plans

Plan Description - VMERS

The Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement System (VMERS) is a cost-sharing, multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan that is administered by the State Treasurer and its Board of Trustees. It is designed for municipal and school districts employees that work on a regular basis and also includes employees of museums and libraries if at least half of that institution's operating expenses are met by municipal funds. An employee of any employer that becomes affiliated with the system may join at that time or at any time thereafter. Any employee hired subsequent to the effective participation date of their employer who meets the minimum hourly requirements is required to join the system. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the retirement system consisted of 437 participating employers.

The plan was established effective July 1, 1975, and is governed by Title 24, V.S.A. Chapter 125.

The general administration and responsibility for formulating administrative policy and procedures of the retirement system for its members and their beneficiaries is vested in the Board of Trustees consisting of five members. They are the State Treasurer, two employee representatives elected by the membership of the system, and two employer representatives-one elected by the governing bodies of participating employers of the system, and one selected by the Governor from a list of four nominees. The list of four nominees is jointly submitted by the Vermont League of Cities and Towns and the Vermont School Boards Association.

All assets are held in a single trust and are available to pay retirement benefits to all members. Benefits available to each group are based on average final compensation (AFC) and years of creditable service.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

As of June 30, 2014, the measurement date selected by the State of Vermont, VMERS was funded at 98.32% and had a plan fiduciary net position of \$534,525,477 and a total pension liability of \$543,652,090 resulting in a net pension liability of \$9,126,613. As of June 30, 2015, the School District's proportionate share of this was 1.7582% resulting in a liability of \$160,465. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. As of June 30, 2014, the measurement date, the School District's proportion of 1.7582% was an increase of .51% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the School District recognized pension expense of \$242,300.

As of June 30, 2015, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes in Proportional Share of Contributions	\$	1,474	\$	0
Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		0		494,808
School District's Required Employer Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date	_	226,653	-	0
	\$	228,127	\$	494,808

The deferred outflows of resources resulting from the School District's required employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date in the amount of \$226,653 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	
2016	\$ 98,667
2017	98,667
2018	98,667
2019	98,667
2020	98,666
Total	\$ <u>493,334</u>

Summary of System Provisions

Membership – Full time employees of participating municipalities. The School District elected coverage under Groups A and C provisions.

Creditable Service – Service as a member plus purchased service.

Average Final Compensation (AFC) – Group A – Average annual compensation during highest five (5) consecutive years. Group C – Average annual compensation during highest three (3) consecutive years.

Service Retirement Allowance:

Eligibility – Group A – the earlier of age 65 with 5 years of service or age 55 with 35 years of services. Group C – Age 55 with five (5) years of service.

Amount – Group A – 1.4% of AFC time's service. Group C – 2.5% of AFC time's service as a Group C member plus percentage earned as a Group A or B member times AFC.

Maximum benefit is 60% of AFC for Group A. Maximum benefit is 50% of AFC for Group C. The previous amounts include the portion of the allowance provided by member contributions.

Early Retirement Allowance :

Eligibility – Age 55 with 5 years of service for Group A.

Amount – Normal allowance based on service and AFC at early retirement, reduced by 6% for each year commencement precedes Normal Retirement Age for Group A.

Vested Retirement Allowance:

Eligibility – Five (5) years of service.

Amount – Allowance beginning at normal retirement age based on AFC and service at termination. The AFC is to be adjusted annually by one-half of the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index, subject to the limits on "Post-Retirement Adjustments".

Disability Retirement Allowance:

Eligibility – Five (5) years of service and disability as determined by Retirement Board.

Amount – Immediate allowance based on AFC and service to date of disability.

Death Benefit:

Eligibility – Death after five (5) years of service.

Amount – For Groups A and C, reduced early retirement allowance under 100% survivor option commencing immediately or, if greater, survivor(s) benefit under disability annuity computed as of date of death.

Optional Benefit and Death after Retirement - For Groups A and C, lifetime allowance or actuarially equivalent 50% or 100% joint and survivor allowance with refund of contribution guarantee.

Refund of Contribution - Upon termination, if the member so elects or if no other benefit is payable, the member's accumulated contributions are refunded.

Post-Retirement Adjustments - Allowance in payment for at least one year increased on each January 1 by one-half of the percentage increase in Consumer Price Index but not more than 2% for Group A and 3% for Group C.

Member Contributions – Group A – 2.5% effective July 1, 2000 (reduced from 3.0%) - Group C – 9.625% effective July 1, 2014 (increased from 9.5%) and 9.75% effective January 1, 2015.

Employer Contributions:

Group A – 4.0%.

Group C - 6.875% effective July 1, 2014 (increased from 6.625%) and 7.0% effective January 1, 2015.

Retirement Stipend - \$25 per month payable at the option of the Board of Trustees.

Significant Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Interest Rate - A select-and-ultimate interest rate set, specified as follows. The interest rate set is restarted every year.

Year 1: 6.25%	Year 10: 8.50%
Year 2: 6.75%	Year 11: 8.50%
Year 3: 7.00%	Year 12: 8.50%
Year 4: 7.50%	Year 13: 8.50%
Year 5: 7.75%	Year 14: 8.50%
Year 6: 8.25%	Year 15: 8.50%
Year 7: 8.25%	Year 16: 8.75%
Year 8: 8.25%	Year 17 and later: 9.00%
Year 9: 8.50%	

Salary increases - 5% per year.

Deaths:

Active participants – 50% of the probabilities in the 1995 Buck Mortality Tables for males and females.

Non-disabled retirees and terminated vested participants – The 1995 Buck Mortality Tables with no set-back for males and one-year set-back for females.

Disabled retirees – RP-2000 Disabled Life Tables. Beneficiaries – 1995 Buck Mortality Tables for males and females.

Spouse's Age - Husbands are assumed to be three years older than their wives.

Cost-of-Living Adjustments to Benefits of Terminated Vested and Retired Participants - Assumed to occur at the rate of 1.5% per annum for Group A members and 1.8% per annum for Group C members.

Actuarial Cost Method - Entry Age Normal - Level Percentage of Pay.

Asset Valuation Method - Invested assets are reported at fair value.

Note – For funding purposes – A smoothing method is used, under which the value of assets for actuarial purposes equals market value less a five-year phase-in of the differences between actual and assumed investment return. The value of assets for actuarial purposes may not differ from the market value of assets by more than 20%.

Inflation - The separately stated assumptions for investment return, salary increases and cost of living adjustments are consistent with an expected annual inflation rate of 3.00% to 3.25% per year.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on investments was determined using best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) developed for each major asset class using an econometric model that forecasts a variety of economic environments and then calculates asset class returns based on functional relationships between the economic variable and the asset classes. These best estimate ranges were combined to produce forecasts of the short, intermediate, and longer term horizons by weighting the expected future nominal rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The various time horizons in the forecast are intended to capture more recent economic and capital market conditions as well as other plausible environments that could develop in the future over economic cycles. To reflect this in the rate-of-return assumption, a Select and Ultimate assumption setting approach, which is cited in Section 3.8.4 of Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 27 as an alternative to a single assumed rate of return, is employed.

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2014 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset <u>Allocation</u>	Long-term Expected <u>Real Rate of Return</u>
Equity	31.50%	6.70%
Fixed Income	33.00%	2.94%
Alternatives	15.50%	6.26%
Multi-strategy	20.00%	5.98%

Nominal long-term expected rates of return for these asset classes are equal to the sum of the expected long-term real rates and the expected long-term inflation rate of 3.0%.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.23%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will continue to be made in accordance with the current funding policy. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current members. The assumed discount rate has been determined in accordance with the method prescribed by GASB 68.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.23%, as well as what the proportionate share would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower (7.23%) or one percent higher (9.23%):

<u>1% Decrease (7.23%)</u>	Discount Rate (8.23%)	<u>1% Increase (9.23%)</u>
\$1,351,821	\$160,465	\$(839,047)

Additional Information

Additional information regarding the State of Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement System, including the details of the Fiduciary Net Position, is available upon request from the State of Vermont.

Plan Description - VSTRS

The Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System (VSTRS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation. It covers nearly all public day school and nonsectarian private high school teachers and administrators as well as teachers in schools and teacher training institutions within and supported by the State that are controlled by the State Board of Education. Membership in the system for those covered classes is a condition of employment. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the retirement system consisted of 288 participating employers.

The plan was created in 1947, and is governed by Title 16, V.S. A. Chapter 555.

Management of the plan is vested in the VSTRS Board of Trustees, which consists of the Secretary of Education (ex-officio); the State Treasurer (ex-officio); the Commissioner of Financial Regulation (ex-officio); two trustees and one alternate who are members of the system (each elected by the system under rules adopted by the Board) and one trustee and one alternate who are retired members of the system receiving retirement benefits (who are elected by the Association of Retired Teachers of Vermont).

The Pension Plan is divided into the following membership groups:

- Group A for public school teachers employed within the State of Vermont prior to July 1, 1981 and elected to remain in Group A.
- Groups C for public school teachers employed within the State of Vermont on or after July 1, 1990, or hired before July 1, 1990 and were a member of Group B at that time.

All assets are held in a single trust and are available to pay retirement benefits to all members. Benefits available to each group are based on average final compensation (AFC) and years of creditable service, and are summarized as follows:

Summary of System Provisions

	Group A	Group C - Group # 1	Group C - Group#2
		*	++
Normal service	Age 60 or with 30 years	Age 62 or with 30 years	Age 65 or when the
retirement eligibility	of service	of service	sum of age and service
(no reduction)			equals 90
Average Final			
Compensation (AFC)	Highest 3 consecutive	Highest 3 consecutive	Highest 3 consecutive
	years, including unused	years, excluding all	years, excluding all
	annual leave, sick	payments for anything	payments for anything
	leave, and	other than service	other than service
	bonus/incentives	actually performed	actually performed
Benefit formula -	1.67% x creditable	1.25% x service prior	1.25% x service prior
normal service	service x AFC	to 6/30/90 x AFC +	to 6/30/90 x AFC +
retirement		1.67% x service after	1.67% x service after
		7/1/90 x AFC	7/1/90 x AFC, 2.0%
			after attaining 20 years
Maximum Benefit	100% of AFC	53.34% of AFC	60% of AFC
Payable			
Post-Retirement COLA	Full CPI, up to a	50% CPI, up to a	50% CPI, up to a
	maximum of 5% after	maximum of 5% after	maximum of 5%;
	12 months of	12 months of	minimum of 1% after
	retirement; minimum of 1%	retirement or with 30	12 months of normal
	fethenent, minimumor 170	years; minimum of 1%	retirement or age 65
Early Retirement	Age 55 with 5 years of	Age 55 with 5 years of	Age 55 with 5 years of
Eligibility	service	service	service
Englomey	service	service	service
Early Retirement	Actuarial reduction	6% per year from age	Actuarial reduction
Reduction		62	
Medical benefits	Health subsidy based	Health subsidy based	Health subsidy based
	on member's service	on member's service	on member's service
	credit	credit	credit
Dental	Member pays full	Member pays full	Member pays full
	premium	premium	premium
	Pretimutit	promuni	Promuni

* Group #1 are members who were within 5 years of normal retirement (age 62 or 30 years of service) on June 30, 2010.

++ Group #2 are members who were less than 57 years of age or had less than 25 years of service on June 30, 2010.

Members of all groups may quality for vested deferred allowance, disability allowances and death benefit allowances subject to meeting various eligibility requirements. Benefits are based on AFC and service.

Contributions

Title 16 VSA Chapter 55 of Vermont Statutes grants the authority to the Board of Trustees of the VSTRS to annually review the amount of State contributions recommended by the actuary of VSTRS in order to achieve and preserve the financial integrity of the fund, and submit this recommendation to the Governor and both houses of the Legislature. The Board of Trustees also certifies the rates of contribution payable by employees. Contribution rates for each group for the various groups are as follows:

	Group A	Group C - Group #1	Group C - Group #2
Employee			
Contributions	2.5% of gross salary	5% of gross salary with 5 or more years of service as of 7/1/14; 6% of gross salary if less than 5 years of service as of 7/1/14	5% of gross salary with 5 or more years of service as of 7/1/14; 6% of gross salary if less than 5 years of service as of 7/1/14;
Employer Contributions	Varies based on actuarial recommendation	Varies based on actuarial recommendation	Varies based on actuarial recommendation

The School District's Group C members contributed \$746,960.

The District's current year payroll for all employees totaled \$21,302,317 while its current year's covered payroll for the State Teacher's Retirement Plan equaled \$14,504,054 resulting in an estimated \$1,849,267 of on-behalf payments. This amount is included as Revenue and Expenses in Exhibits B and D.

Significant Actuarial Assumptions Methods

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2014 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013 rolled forward to June 30, 2014 using the actuarial assumptions outlined as follows. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2013 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013 using the actuarial assumptions outlined as follows. These assumptions were selected on the basis of the experience study that was performed for the five- year period ending June 30, 2010.

Interest Rate:	A select-and-ultimate inter restarted every year:	rest rate, specified as follows. The interest rate is
	Year 1: 6.25%	Year 10: 8.50%
	Year 2: 6.75%	Year 11: 8.50%
	Year 3: 7.00%	Year 12: 8.50%
	Year 4: 7.50%	Year 13: 8.50%
	Year 5: 7.75%	Year 14: 8.50%
	Year 6: 8.25%	Year 15: 8.50%
	Year 7: 8.25%	Year 16: 8.75%
	Year 8: 8.25%	Year 17 and later: 9.00%
	Year 9: 8.50%	

Salary Increases: Representative values of the assumed annual rates of future salary increase are as follows:

Age	Annual Rate of Salary Increase
25	8.40%
30	7.05%
35	6.15%
40	5.45%
45	4.95%
50	4.60%
55	4.35%
60	4.25%
64	4.25%

Deaths After Retirement: The 1995 Buck Mortality Tables set back three years for males and one year for females, for retirees, terminated vested members and beneficiaries; the RP 2000 Disabled Life Table with projection to 2016 using Scale AA for disabled retirees. The tables used contain a margin to reflect anticipated mortality improvement after the valuation date. Inflation: The separately stated assumption for investment return, salary increases and cost of living adjustments are consistent with an expected annual inflation rate of 3.00% to 3.25% per year. Husbands are assumed to be three years older than their wives. Spouse's Age: Cost of Living Adjustments: Assumed to occur on January 1 following one year of retirement at the rate of 3% per annum for Group A members and 1.5% per annum for Group C members (beginning at age 62 for Group C members who elect reduced early retirement).

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on System investments was determined using bestestimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) developed for each major asset class using an econometric model that forecasts a variety of economic environments and then calculates asset class returns based on functional relationships between the economic variable and the asset classes. These best estimate ranges were combined to produce forecasts of the short, intermediate, and longer term horizons by weighting the expected future nominal rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The various time horizons in the forecast are intended to capture more recent economic and capital market conditions as well as other plausible environments that could develop in the future over economic cycles. To reflect this in the rate-of-return assumption, a Select and Ultimate assumption setting approach, which is cited in Section 3.8.4 of Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 27 as an alternative to a single assumed rate of return, is employed.

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2014 and 2013 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return			
Asset Class	Target Assets Allocations	2014	2013		
Equity	31.50%	6.70%	8.09%		
Fixed Income	33.00%	2.94%	2.16%		
Alternatives	15.50%	6.26%	6.42%		
Multi-strategy	20.00%	5.98%	6.31%		
Total	100.00%				

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determined the discount rate assumed that contributions will continue to be made in accordance with the current funding policy. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current System members. The assumed discount rate has been determined in accordance with the method prescribed by GASB 68.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 8.15%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.15%) or one percentage point higher (9.15%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (7.15%)	Current Discount Rate (8.15%)	1% Increase (9.15%)
Net Pension Liability	\$29,857,404	\$22,734,447	\$16,755,185

Special Funding Situation

The State of Vermont is the nonemployer contributor and is required by statute to make all actuarially determined employer contributions on behalf of the School District. Therefore the School District is considered to be in a special funding situation as defined in GASB No. 68 and the State of Vermont is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity to VSTRS. Since the School District does not contribute directly to VSTRS, no net pension liability is recorded by the School District. However, the notes to the financial statements of the School District must disclose the portion of the State's share of the collective net pension liability that is associated with the School District. In addition, each School District recognizes its portion of the collective pension expense as both revenue and pension expense.

B. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Colchester School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School District maintains insurance coverage through the Vermont School Boards Insurance Trust, Inc. covering each of those risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the School District. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The School District must remain a member for a minimum of one year and may withdraw from the Fund after that time by giving sixty days notice. Fund underwriting and rate setting policies have been established after consultation with actuaries. Fund members are subject to a supplemental assessment in the event of deficiencies. If the assets of the Fund were to be exhausted, members would be responsible for the Fund's liabilities.

In addition, the School District is a member of Vermont Educational Health Initiative (VEHI). VEHI is a nonprofit corporation formed to provide health insurance and wellness programs for Vermont school districts and is owned by the participating members.

The School District has elected to pay actual unemployment claims instead of enrolling in an employment insurance program. No liabilities have been accrued as the School District is not able to make an estimate as to any future costs. The District paid \$34,906 in unemployment claims during fiscal year 2015.

C. COMMITMENTS

The School District has a transportation agreement with Student Transport of Vermont, Inc. d/b/a Mountain Transit for five (5) years starting May 15, 2012. The total cost for the 2015 fiscal year was \$805,815. Subsequent years shall increase by the price index set forth by the New England Economic Project.

The School District leases space at 308 Blakely Road. On January 1, 2013, the School District entered into a new agreement for more space. The monthly payment is \$4,500. The lease ends on June 30, 2016. Total lease payments for the 2015 fiscal year were \$54,000.

D. CONCENTRATIONS

The District received the majority of its revenue from State and Federal grants.

E. CONTINGENCIES

Grants and contracts require the fulfillment of certain conditions set forth in the instrument of the grant or contract including a true up by the grantor. Failure to fulfill the conditions or the results of the true up could result in the return of funds to the grantors. Although that is a possibility, management deems the contingency remote, since by accepting the awards and their terms, it has accommodated the objectives of the School District to the provisions of the grants.

COLCHESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenue:			
Regular Instructional:	¢ 00.100.501	¢ 20.120.5	
General State Support Grants	\$ 28,129,591	\$ 28,129,59	
Other State Revenue	709,020	762,47	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Tuition	890,800	801,70	
Other Local Revenue	85,000	144,16	54 59,164
Special Education Support:			
State Revenue	3,775,545	3,964,11	
Federal Grants	517,904	559,97	
Tuition	0	93,08	
Interest	125,000	58,95	(66,048)
Total Revenue	34,232,860	34,514,00	281,201
Expenditures:			
Regular Instructional:			
Direct Instructional	13,830,715	13,753,38	31 77,334
Vocational Tuition	804,876	792,02	12,853
Student Support Services	1,589,029	1,693,32	(104,294)
Staff Support Services	980,853	989,20	00 (8,347)
General Administration	712,291	544,48	167,803
School Administration	1,915,871	1,930,04	0 (14,169)
Fiscal Services	1,685,021	1,458,36	226,657
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,392,411	3,215,86	54 176,547
Transportation Services	1,044,000	922,26	51 121,739
Special Education Support:			
Direct Instructional	6,138,218	5,839,15	299,061
Student Support Services	1,120,346	1,200,79	(80,449)
Staff Support Services	78,153	41,72	36,429
School Administration	371,432	360,00	11,423
Transportation Services	254,238	244,71	
Debt Service	365,406	355,68	
Transfer to Capital Reserve Fund	0	19,40	,
Total Expenditures	34,282,860	33,360,49	922,370
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenue Over Expenditures	\$ (50,000)	1,153,57	1,203,571

The following adjustments reconcile the Change in Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis to the Change in Fund Balance - GAAP Basis

Unbudgeted State Revenue	63,217
Unbudgeted Local Revenue	140,139
Unbudgeted Tuition	4,414
Unbudgeted Interest	15
Unbudgeted Federal Grants	595,706
Unbudgeted Special Education Payments	207,635
Unbudgeted Local Grants	167,351
Unbudgeted Intergovernmental Pension Contribution	1,849,267
Unbudgeted Regular Education Expenses	(2,483,944)
Unbudgeted Special Education Expenses	(532,582)
Net Change in Fund Balance	
(GAAP Basis) - Exhibit D	\$ 1,164,789

COLCHESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT VERMONT MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2015

	 2015
Total Plan Net Pension Liability	\$ 9,126,613
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	1.7582%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 160,465
School District's Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 5,580,213
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered - Employee Payroll	2.8756%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	98.32% as of June 30, 2014
Notes to Schedule	
Benefit Changes: None.	

Changes in Assumptions: None.

Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only one year is shown.

COLCHESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT VERMONT MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	_	2015
Contractually Required Contribution (Actuarially Determined)	\$	226,653
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions	_	226,653
Contribution Excess/(Deficiency)	\$_	0
Covered - Employee Payroll	\$	5,580,213
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered - Employee Payroll		4.062%
Notes to Schedule		
Valuation Date:		June 30, 2014

Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only one year is shown.

COLCHESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT VERMONT STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2015

	 2015
Total Plan Net Pension Liability	\$ 958,436,990
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	2.3720%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 22,734,447
School District's Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 14,504,054
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered - Employee Payroll	156.7455%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	64.02% as of June 30, 2014
Notes to Schedule	June 30, 2014
Benefit Changes: None.	

Changes in Assumptions: None.

Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only one year is shown.

COLCHESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

<u>ASSETS</u>		General Trust Fund		Coates Fund		Colchester Community Fund	v	/oodmen Fund	Fo	Kelly oundation Fund	 Faller Fund	 Mallory Fund		Kohlasch Fund		Total
Cash Investments in Certificates of Deposit Investments in Mutual Funds	\$	0 1,043 0	\$	1,000 0 101,415	\$	1,137 89,754 0	\$	0 15,568 0	\$	0 5,000 0	\$ 0 7,852 0	\$ 0 7,418 0	\$ _	0 1,349 0	\$	2,137 127,984 101,415
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,043	\$	102,415	\$	90,891	\$	15,568	\$	5,000	\$ 7,852	\$ 7,418	\$	1,349	\$_	231,536
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION																
Liabilities:	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	-	0	\$	0
Net Position:																
Restricted		1,043		102,415	_	90,891		15,568		5,000	 7,852	 7,418	-	1,349	-	231,536
Total Net Position		1,043		102,415	_	90,891		15,568		5,000	 7,852	 7,418	-	1,349	_	231,536
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	1,043	\$	102,415	\$	90,891	\$	15,568	\$	5,000	\$ 7,852	\$ 7,418	\$	1,349	\$	231,536

COLCHESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	-	General Trust Fund	Coates Fund	Colcheste Communi Fund		Kelly n Foundation Fund	n Faller Fund	Mallory Fund	Kohlasch Fund	Total
Additions: Contributions	\$	4,800	\$ 105,000) \$ 2,150	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 111,950
Investment Earnings	÷	7	1,565		+ •		34	32	9	2,082
Total Additions	-	4,807	106,565	5 2,522	63	0	34	32	9	114,032
Deductions: Investment Expense Scholarships and Awards	-	0 5,300	150 4,000			0	0 500	0 500	0 1,000	150 14,850
Total Deductions	-	5,300	4,150	3,550	00	0	500	500	1,000	15,000
Change in Net Position		(493)	102,415	5 (1,028	63	0	(466)	(468)	(991)	99,032
Net Position - July 1, 2014	-	1,536	0	91,919	15,505	5,000	8,318	7,886	2,340	132,504
Net Position - June 30, 2015	\$ _	1,043	\$ 102,415	5 \$ 90,891	\$ 15,568	\$ 5,000	\$ 7,852	\$ 7,418	\$ 1,349	\$ 231,536

COLCHESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Grant Title Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Program or Award Amount	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed through Vermont State Department of Education				
Title I	84.010	CFP-1501	460,966	\$ 446,260
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				
IDEA-B Flow Through	84.027	4226-1501	559,721	553,645
IDEA-B Preschool Incentive	84.173	4228-1501	6,327	6,327
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				559,972
Title II-A	84.367	CFP-1501	149,694	135,933
English Language Acquisition Grant	84.365	4375-1401	15,357	8,777
English Language Acquisition Grant	84.365	4375-1501	13,116	4,737
Total U.S. Department of Education				1,155,679
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed through Vermont State Department of Education				
Child Nutrition Cluster				
National Hot Lunch	10.555	4450-1501	N/A	277,555
School Breakfast Program	10.553	4452-1501	N/A	86,545
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				364,100
Commodities	10.565	4453-1401	N/A	7,853
Commodities	10.565	4453-1501	N/A	36,513
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				408,466
Total Federal Awards				\$ 1,564,145

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the Colchester School District and was prepared using the significant accounting policies outlined in Note 1 to the financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations". Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Sullivan, Powers & Co., P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

77 Barre Street P.O. Box 947 Montpelier, VT 05601 802/223-2352 www.sullivanpowers.com

Fred Duplessis, CPA Richard J. Brigham, CPA Chad A. Hewitt, CPA Wendy C. Gilwee, CPA VT Lic. #92-000180

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with "Government Auditing Standards"

School Board **Colchester School District** Laker Lane, P.O. Box 27 Colchester, Vermont 05446-0027

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in "Government Auditing Standards" issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Colchester School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Colchester School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 14, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Colchester School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Colchester School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Colchester School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Colchester School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. In addition, because of inherent limitations in internal control, including the possibility of management override of controls, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected by such controls. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Colchester School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under "Government Auditing Standards."

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Colchester School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with "Government Auditing Standards" in considering the Colchester School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

January 14, 2016 Montpelier, Vermont VT Lic. #92-000180

Sullivan, Powers & Company

77 Barre Street P.O. Box 947 Montpelier, VT 05601 802/223-2352 www.sullivanpowers.com Fred Duplessis, CPA Richard J. Brigham, CPA Chad A. Hewitt, CPA Wendy C. Gilwee, CPA <u>VT Lic. #92-000180</u>

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

School Board Colchester School District Laker Lane, P.O. Box 27 Colchester, Vermont 05446-0027

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Colchester School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) "Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement" that could have a direct and material effect on the Colchester School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The Colchester School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Deficiencies in Internal Control.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the Colchester School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to previously. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in "Government Auditing Standards", issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133 "Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations". Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to previously could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Colchester School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Colchester School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Colchester School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to previously that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Colchester School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to previously. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Colchester School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for its major federal programs and to test and report on the internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Colchester School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

January 14, 2016 Montpelier, Vermont VT Lic. #92-000180

Sullivan, Powers & Company

COLCHESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND DEFICIENCIES IN INTERNAL CONTROL JUNE 30, 2015

There were no prior year findings.

COLCHESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND DEFICIENCIES IN INTERNAL CONTROL JUNE 30, 2015

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of Auditor's Report Issued: Unmodified.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting: Material Weaknesses: No.

Significant Deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses: No.

Noncompliance material to financial statements: None noted.

Federal Awards

Internal Control Over Major Programs: Material Weaknesses identified: No.

Significant Deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses: No.

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified for all major programs.

There are no audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, Section 510(a).

Major Programs:

<u>CFDA #</u>	Program	Federal Agency
Special Education Clu	uster (IDEA):	
84.027 84.173	IDEA-B Flow Through IDEA-B Preschool Incentive	U.S. Department of Education U.S. Department of Education

The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$300,000.

The auditee does qualify as a low risk auditee.